

Never Mix Up Connecting Rod Caps!

AFFECTED VEHICLES

General Information

For over 10 years, we've been using fracture-split connecting rods in our engines. Unlike a machined connecting rod, this rod is forged as a single piece of metal. Then, using special equipment, the large end of the rod is precisely scored, and the rod cap is literally snapped from the rod.

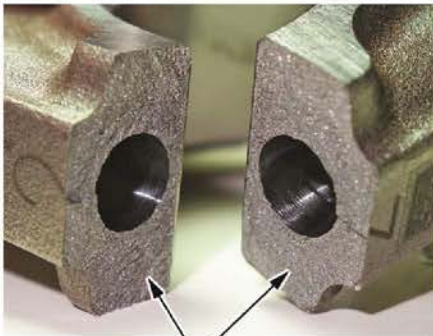
This process results in an uneven fracture surface on the connecting rod and rod cap, which gives a more precise, durable cap-to-rod fit. Fracture-split connecting rods offer greater strength and longer service life.

Because that fit is so precise, you must be careful not to mix up the rod caps when removing/replacing pistons. If you install the wrong rod cap on a connecting rod, or install it backwards, you'll damage the mating surfaces when you torque the cap bolts.

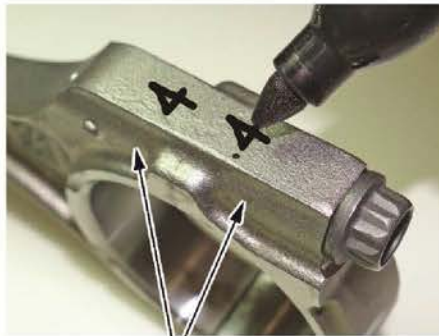
If nothing is done about it, over time, that connecting rod and its bearings will need replacement. In severe cases, it could lead to major crankshaft journal damage, requiring possible short block replacement.

So, to help ensure a trouble-free repair, here are a few tips to remember:

- Use a grease pencil or a punch to mark each rod cap and its corresponding connecting rod with the cylinder number it came from. This ensures you're putting the same rod and cap back together with the right orientation.



The uneven mating surfaces are uniquely matched and not interchangeable.



Mark the connecting rod and rod cap with the cylinder number.



These are manufacturing marks, and do not indicate the cylinder number.

- Don't confuse the existing markings on the side of the connecting rod and rod cap with a cylinder number. They're just manufacturing marks referring to the size of the big end of the rod.
- When torquing the rod cap bolts, refer to the service information for details.

If you'd like to see a video on this subject, we've added one to *Tech2Tech*®. Look for "Tips When Working with Fracture Rods."